Yicong (Bryce) Chen

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Education

University of Wisconsin - Madison

Sept. 2020 - expect graduation: May 2024

May 2023

Fall 2020 - Spring 2023

May 2022 - Present

B.S. in Computer Engineering: Machine Learning & Data Science option

B.S. in Computer Science (2nd Major)

• GPA: 4.0 / 4.0

Awards

- Wisconsin Hilldale Undergraduate Research Fellowship (PI: Prof. Kangwook Lee)
- UW-Madison Dean's Honors List

Publications

FedGP: Buffer-based Gradient Projection for Continual Federated Learning

Shenghong Dai, **Yicong Chen**, Jy-yong Sohn, S M Iftekharul Alam, Ravikumar Balakrishnan, Suman Banerjee, Nageen Himayat, Kangwook Lee

Federated Learning Systems (FLSys) Workshop @ MLSys 2023 • Oral Presentation • <u>Best Paper Award</u> Under review at International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR) 2024

Zero-shot Improvement of Object Counting with CLIP

Ruisu Zhang*, Yicong Chen*, Kangwook Lee

Robustness of Few-shot and Zero-shot Learning in Foundation Models (R0-FoMo) Workshop @ NeurIPS 2023 Coded Prompts for Large Language Models

Ziqian Lin, Yicong Chen, Yuchen Zeng, Kangwook Lee

Robustness of Few-shot and Zero-shot Learning in Foundation Models (R0-FoMo) Workshop @ NeurIPS 2023

Research Experience

Undergraduate Researcher, advised by Prof. Kangwook Lee

Benchmarking Visual In-Context Learning for Multimodal Large Language Models (in progress)

- Exploring the in-context learning capabilities of Multimodal Large Language Models (MLLMs) for the task pattern: x=text, y=image, which involves mapping from low-dimension input (text) to high-dimension output (image), a concept unexplored in current in-context learning literature.
- Aiming to establish a benchmark and assess the in-context capabilities of all current MLLMs, paving the way for future work to further enhance the in-context abilities of MLLMs.

Coded Prompts for Large Language Models

- Introduced coded prompts, inspired by coding theory, to process multiple inputs simultaneously in Large Language Models (LLMs), enhancing task performance. When viewing LLM inference as a noisy communication channel, coded prompt has the potential to protect against information lost.
- Validated this approach through experiments on two specially designed tasks for LLMs: maximum prime number and sentence toxicity, demonstrating the potential of coded prompts.

FedGP: Buffer-based Gradient Projection for Continual Federated Learning

- Designed a novel algorithm that mitigates forgetting by leveraging aggregated buffer gradients, ensuring the retention of prior knowledge across clients in Continual Federated Learning (CFL).
- Conducted rigorous evaluations using various datasets (CV benchmarks and NLP tasks), against various baselines (state-of-the-art CFL and CL methods), in various scenarios (equal communication overhead, different buffer sizes, number of tasks, etc.), and through ablation studies (different gradient projection methods, and buffer sampling methods), proving the consistent effectiveness of our method.

Zero-shot Improvement of Object Counting with CLIP

- Conducted analyses of CLIP's counting performance across diverse objects using a specially collected dataset, unveiling its non-uniform proficiency in counting different objects.
- Pioneered a zero-shot technique to extract a counting-specific vector from CLIP's text embedding space, enhancing the counting accuracy of CLIP by integrating this vector with the original prompt embedding.
- Demonstrated the method's versatility by showcasing its potential in guiding Text-to-Image generation models, enabling them to generate images aligned with counting prompts.

Mixed Sample Data Augmentation with Self-Distillation in Small Data Regimes

- Investigated the constraints of data availability in image classification and explored the crucial role of Mixed Sample Data Augmentation (MSDA) in scenarios with limited data to enhance model generalization.
- Enhanced the efficacy of MSDA by introducing Self-Distillation (SD) for relabeling, providing more accurate labels for the mixed samples in MSDA. This approach addresses the issue of inaccurate labeling common in most MSDA methods, such as mixup and cutmix.
- Conducted extensive experiments across various datasets and scenarios, demonstrating the effectiveness of integrating Mixed Sample Data Augmentation with Self-Distillation.

Super-Resolution Emulation of Large Cosmological Fields with Diffusion Model

• Enhanced low-resolution cosmic data into high-resolution images using diffusion to aid dark matter research.

Undergraduate Researcher, advised by Prof. Dane Morgan Acceleration of molecular machine learning

- Integrated Nystroem into the kernel training process with Faber–Christensen–Huang–Lilienfeld (FCHL) representation and Kernel Ridge Regression.
- Reduced computational time to approximately one-third of the original model using Nystroem.

Projects

WISC-SP23 architecture microprocessor design

- Designed and implemented a 16-bit, 5-stage pipelined processor (WISC-SP23) using Verilog.
- Developed a two-way set associative instruction cache, a multi-cycle main memory, and other optimizations.

Online Twitter Bot Detection with Nature Language Processing

- Preprocessed and extracted features from 10k Twitter datasets using Bag of Words, TF-IDF, and Doc2Vec.
- Evaluated classifiers including Support Vector Machine, Logistic Regression, Naive Bayes, k-Nearest Neighbors, and Random Forest for their capacity to differentiate between bots' tweets and those of humans.

Skills

Language:Python, Java, C++, C, MATLAB, Verilog, HTML/CSS, JavaScriptTools:ChatGPT, Latex, Wandb, Amazon Web Services, Jupyter Notebook, VS Code, Google Colab

Jan. 2022 - May 2022

Spring 2023

Fall 2022